#### CEILINGS

# SONATA ACOUSTICAL CEILING PANELS

## **1. IDENTIFICATION**

**Product identifier** Sonata Acoustical Ceiling Panels Synonym(s) Sonata Acoustical Ceiling Panels, Sonata Healthcare Acoustical Ceiling Panels **Recommended use** Interior use **Recommended restrictions** Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information/Company name USG Middle East Ltd 7410 (WASIL) Street #23, Cross 76 (Right) Second Industrial City Dammam 34326 - 4201. Kingdom of Saudi Arabia Tel: +966 13 812 0995 / Fax: +966 13 812 1029 E-mail: info@usgme.com / marketing@usgme.com Website: https://www.usgme.com

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

### Emergency Overview

"This product is not expected to produce any unusual hazards during normal use according to the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). Exposure to high dust levels may irritate the skin, eyes, nose, throat, or upper respiratory tract. Man-made mineral fibers have been classified by the European Union as irritating to skin.

**Physical hazards** Not classified. Health hazards Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards Not classified. Label elements Hazard symbol None. Signal word None. Hazard statement None. **Precautionary statement** Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Response Get medical attention/advice if you feel unwell. Storage Store as indicated in Section 7. Disposal Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification

None known.



# 3. CO INFOI

3. COMPOSITION/	Mixtures		
INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS	Chemical name	CAS number	%
	Slag wool fiber	N/A	> 80
	Kaolin	1332-58-7	< 10
	Starch	9005-25-8	< 10
	Aluminum hydroxide Calcium carbonate	21645-51-2 471-34-1	< 2
	Continuous filament glass fiber	65997-17-3	< 2
	<b>Composition comments</b> All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a product contain small amounts of titanium dioxide, which has be humans by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IAR to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur durin is bound to other materials, such as in paints" (1). See Section 16	een classified as possib RC). However, per IARC g the use of products	ly carcinogenic to C "no significant exposure in which titanium dioxide
4. FIRST-AID MEASURES	<ul> <li>Inhalation</li> <li>Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing ar into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get media</li> <li>Skin contact</li> <li>Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical a Eye contact</li> <li>Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If Ingestion</li> <li>Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.</li> <li>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</li> <li>Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not and respiratory system and cause coughing.</li> <li>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment</li> <li>Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.</li> <li>General information</li> <li>Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved</li> </ul>	cal attention if sympto attention if irritation de f irritation occurs, get r pose a risk to health. E <b>ht needed</b>	oms persist. evelops or persists. medical assistance.
5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES	<ul> <li>Suitable extinguishing media</li> <li>Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materia</li> <li>Unsuitable extinguishing media</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> <li>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</li> <li>Not a fire hazard.</li> <li>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</li> <li>Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the ger</li> <li>Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing in</li> <li>Fire-fighting equipment/instructions</li> <li>Use standard firefighting procedures &amp; consider the hazards of o</li> <li>Specific methods</li> <li>Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if</li> <li>General fire hazards</li> <li>No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.</li> </ul>	neral fire precautions in nust be worn in case o ther involved materials	f fire.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	<ul> <li>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency pressure See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.</li> <li>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</li> <li>No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see See Environmental precautions</li> <li>Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.</li> </ul>		
7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	<ul> <li>Precautions for safe handling</li> <li>Use work methods which minimize dust production. Avoid inhala</li> <li>Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands at practices.</li> <li>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</li> <li>Store away from incompatible materials.</li> </ul>		-

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

# Occupational exposure limits

 U.S. - OSHA

 Components
 CAS number
 Value
 Form

 Slag wool fiber (CAS N/A)
 TWA
 5 mg/m³
 Fiber, respirable (diameter 3.5 µm andlength 10 µm) Fiber, total

## US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	CAS number	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction. Total dust.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total dust. Respirable fraction. Total dust.

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	CAS number	Value	Form
Aluminum hydroxide (CAS 21645-51-2) Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS	TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction. "Respirable fibers (length
65997-17-3) Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Slag wool fiber (CAS N/A) Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	TWA TWA TWA TWA	1 fibers/cm <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1 fibers/cm <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	<ul> <li>&gt; 5µm &amp; aspect ratio 3:1)"</li> <li>Respirable fraction.</li> <li>Fiber, respirable (length &gt; 5</li> <li>µm and aspect ratio 3:1)</li> </ul>

### **US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	CAS number	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable. Total
Continuous filament glass fiber (CAS65997-17-3)	TWA	3 fibers/cm <sup>3</sup>	"Respirable fibers ( 3.5 μm in diameter & 10 μm in length)"
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fiber, total Respirable.
Kd0III1 (CAS 1552-56-7)	IVVA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Total
Slag wool fiber (CAS N/A)	TWA	3 fibers/cm <sup>3</sup>	"Fiber, respirable (diameter 3.5 µm and length 10 µm)"
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fiber, total Respirable. Total

#### **Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

#### Appropriate engineering controls personal protective equipment

Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure. Cut and trim with a utility knife or hand saw to minimize dust levels. If a router is used it must have a dust collection system. Operations such as power cutting, power kerfing or using compressed air to remove dust are not recommended (2). See Section 16 for further information.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Wear approved safety goggles.

## Skin protection

## Hand protection

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.

#### Other

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

## **Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use.

#### **Thermal hazards**

None

#### **General hygiene considerations**

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

Appearance 9. PHYSICAL AND Explosive limit - lower (%) CHEMICAL PROPERTIES **Physical state** Not applicable. Solid Explosive limit - upper (%) Form Not applicable. Panel. Vapor pressure Color Not applicable. White or colored surface; beige/gray core. Vapor density Odor Not applicable. Low to no odor. **Relative density Odor threshold** 0.2 - 0.24 (H<sup>2</sup>O=1) Not applicable. Solubility(ies) pН Very low solubility in water. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Melting point/freezing point Not applicable. Not applicable. Auto-ignition temperature Initial boiling point and boiling range Not applicable. Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature Flash point** 1000°C Not applicable. Viscosity **Evaporation rate** Not applicable. Not applicable. Other information Flammability (solid, gas) **Bulk density** 200-250 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Not applicable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits VOC (Weight %) Flammability limit - lower (%) 0 % Not applicable. Formaldehyde Emissions Flammability limit - upper (%) Complies with Class E1 for Formaldehyde Emissions Not applicable. **10. STABILITY AND** Reactivity REACTIVITY The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. **Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions. Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization does not occur. **Conditions to avoid** Contact with incompatible materials. **Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known. **11. TOXICOLOGICAL** Information on likely routes of exposure INFORMATION Ingestion

> This product is not intended nor expected to be ingested or eaten. Ingestion may cause irritation and stomach discomfort.

#### Inhalation Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.

#### **Eyes contact**

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.

	Components	Species	Test Results	
	Aluminum hydroxide (CAS 21645-51-2) <b>Acute</b> Oral LD50	RAT	> 5000 mg/kg	
	<ul> <li>Skin corrosion/irritation</li> <li>Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.</li> <li>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</li> <li>Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.</li> <li>Respiratory or skin sensitization</li> <li>Respiratory sensitization</li> <li>Not expected to cause respiratory sensitization based on non-skin sensitization history.</li> <li>Skin sensitization</li> <li>Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.</li> <li>Germ cell mutagenicity</li> <li>Not expected to be mutagenic.</li> <li>Carcinogenicity</li> <li>This material is not classified as a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP or OSHA.</li> <li>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)</li> <li>Not classified.</li> <li>Reproductive toxicity</li> <li>Not classified.</li> <li>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</li> <li>No data available, but none expected.</li> <li>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</li> <li>No data available, but none expected.</li> <li>Appiration hazard</li> </ul>			
	Due to the physical form of the product it is n Chronic effects No other specific acute or chronic health impa		on hazard.	
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the Persistence and degradability				
	No data is available on the degradability of this product.         Bioaccumulative potential         Bioaccumulation is not expected.         Mobility in soil         No data available.         Other adverse effects         None expected.			
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONSDisposal instruction Dispose in accordance with applicable Local disposal regulations			ocal regulations. Recycle responsibly.	
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Hazardous waste code Not regulated. Waste from residues / unused products				
	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Contaminated packaging Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.			

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated as dangerous goods. IATA Not regulated as a dangerous good. IMDG Not regulated as a dangerous good. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## Saudi Arabian Inventory of Chemical Substance:

CAS#	1332-58-7	Kaolin
CAS#	9005-25-8	Starch
CAS#	21645-51-2	Aluminum hydroxide
CAS#	471-34-1	Calcium carbonate
CAS#	65997-17-3	Continuous filament glass fiber

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

## Issue date

DOT

14-May-2018 Revision date 1-December-2022 Version #

### **Further information**

Slag Wool Fiber: Large morbidity and mortality studies of both European and North American mineral wool manufacturing workers have been conducted. These studies have found no significant association of non-malignant (i.e., fibrosis) or malignant (i.e., lung cancer or mesothelioma) lung disease and exposures to slag wool fibers and have not established a causal relationship between exposure and non-malignant or malignant diseases. In 2001, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) assigned slag wool fiber to the Group 3 category ["not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans"].

The synthetic mineral fiber used in this product is exonerated from classification as a $\$  carcinogen in accordance with Note Q in the EU Commission Directive 97/69/EC.

Titanium dioxide: Raw materials and/or coatings in this product contain small amounts of titanium dioxide. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that titanium dioxide is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals. This conclusion relates to long-term inhalation exposure to high concentrations of pigmentary (powdered) or ultrafine titanium dioxide. However, no significant exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints. The available human studies do not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and risk for cancer (1). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has designated this chemical as not classifiable as a human carcinogen (A4). The US National Toxicology Program (NTP) has not listed this chemical in its report on carcinogens. Continuous filament glass fibers: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) in June, 1987, categorized continuous filament glass fibers as not classifiable with respect to human carcinogenicity (Group 3). The evidence from human as well as animal studies was evaluated by IARC as insufficient to classify continuous filament glass fiber as a possible, probable, or confirmed cancer causing material. The ACGIH has established a TLV (Threshold Limit Value or recommended exposure limit) for continuous filament glass fiber of 1 fiber per cubic centimeter of air for respirable fibers and 5 mg per cubic meter of air for inhalable glass fiber dust. These levels were established to prevent mechanical irritation of the upper airways. IARC, NTP (US National Toxicology Program) and OSHA (US Occupational Safety and Health Administration) do not list continuous filament glass fibers as a carcinogen. As manufactured, continuous filament glass fibers in this product are not respirable. Continuous filament glass products that are chopped, crushed or severely mechanically processed during manufacturing or use may contain a very small amount of respirable particulate, some of which may be glass shards.

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

## HMIS® ratings

Health: 1\* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

#### **NFPA** ratings



#### Abbreviations and acronyms

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society) IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer TWA: Time Weighted Average PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

### Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.

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