RADAR™ CERAMIC FIRECODE™ PANELS

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Radar™ Ceramic FIRECODE™ Panels

Synonym(s)

Radar™ Ceramic FIRECODE™ Panels, Door Coor Panels/Tiles

Recommended use

Interior use

Recommended restrictions

Use in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information/Company name

USG Middle East Ltd

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Second Industrial City

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2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Physical hazards

Not classified

Health hazards

Carcinogenicity

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure

Category 1A Category 2 (Lung)

OSHA defined hazards

Not classified

Label elements

Hazard symbol



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs (lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Storage

Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in GHS classification

None known.



3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixtures		
Chemical name	CAS number	%
Slag wool fiber	N/A	< 50
Kaolin	1332-58-7	< 45
Perlite	93763-70-3	< 5
Starch	9005-25-8	< 5
Limestone	1317-65-3	< 2
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	< 2
Impurities		
Chemical name	CAS number	%
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	< 8

Composition comments

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas.

Raw materials in this product contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. The weight percent of respirable crystalline silica found in this product is 7.45%. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica during the normal use of this product must be determined by workplace hygiene testing.

Raw materials and/or coatings in this product contain small amounts of titanium dioxide, which has been classified as possibly carcinogenic to humans by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). However, per IARC "no significant exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints" (1). See Section 16 for further information. European Commission (EC) Annex number for Slag Wool Fibers: 650-016-00-2

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Dust irritates the respiratory system, and may cause coughing and difficulties in breathing. Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin contact

Contact with dust: Rinse area with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye contact

Dust in the eyes: Do not rub eyes. Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. Dust may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Not applicable.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Not a fire hazard.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Use standard firefighting procedures & consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Specific methods

Cool material exposed to heat with water spray and remove it if no risk is involved.

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

No specific clean-up procedure noted. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to drains, sewers, and other water systems.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Use work methods which minimize dust production. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store away from incompatible materials.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits

U.S. - OSHA

Components	CAS number	Value	Form
Slag wool fiber (CAS N/A)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Fiber, respirable (diameter 3.5 µm andlength 10 µm) Fiber, total

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	CAS number	Value	Form
Calcium carbonate (CAS 471-34-1)	PEL	09/	Respirable fraction. Total dust.
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	PEL		Respirable fraction. Total dust.
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	PEL		Respirable fraction. Total dust.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m³	Total dust.

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Impurities	CAS number	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³	Total dust. Respirable.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	CAS number	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7) Slag wool fiber (CAS N/A)	TWA TWA		Respirable. Fiber, respirable (length > 5 µm and aspect ratio 3:1)
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA TWA	10 mg/m³ 10 mg/m³	
Impurities	CAS number	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA		Respirable fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	CAS number	Value	Form
Kaolin (CAS 1332-58-7)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable. Total.
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Respirable.
Perlite (CAS 93763-70-3)	TWA	5 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³	Respirable.
Slag wool fiber (CAS N/A)	TWA		Fiber, respirable (length 3.5 µm and length10µm)
Starch (CAS 9005-25-8)	TWA	5 mg/m ³ 5 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³	Fiber, total Respirable. Total.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Impurities	CAS number	Value	Form
Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls personal protective equipment

Provide sufficient ventilation for operations causing dust formation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of exposure. Cut and trim with a utility knife or hand saw to minimize dust levels. If a router is used it must have a dust collection system. Operations such as power cutting, power kerfing or using compressed air to remove dust are not recommended (2). See Section 16 for further information.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear approved safety goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

It is a good industrial hygiene practice to minimize skin contact. For prolonged or repeated skin contact use suitable protective gloves.

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended.

Respiratory protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use.

Thermal hazards

None

General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	Explosive limit - lower (%)
Physical state	Not applicable.

Solid Form Panel Color

White or colored surface; beige/gray core.

Odor

Low to no odor. **Odor threshold** Not applicable.

рΗ

Melting point/freezing point

Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not applicable. Flash point Not applicable. **Evaporation rate** Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)

Not applicable.

Flammability limit - upper (%)

Not applicable.

Explosive limit - upper (%)

Not applicable. Vapor pressure

Not applicable. Vapor density Not applicable. Relative density $0.52 (H^2O=1)$ Solubility(ies)

Very low solubility in water.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature

1200 °C Slag wool)

Viscosity Not applicable. Other information **Bulk density** 525 kg/m³ VOC (Weight %)

0 %

Formaldehyde Emissions

Complies with Class E1 for Formaldehyde Emissions

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

The product is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion

Ingestion may cause irritation and stomach discomfort.

Inhalation

Inhalation of dusts may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.

Eyes contact

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization

No data available, but none expected.

Skin sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available, but none expected.

Carcinogenicity

Repeated and prolonged exposure to high levels of respirable crystalline silica may cause cancer. Titanium Dioxide is listed by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). This listing is based on inadequate evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

NTP Report on Carcinogens

Crystalline silica (Quartz) (CAS 14808-60-7

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed

Reproductive toxicity

No data available, but none expected.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available, but none expected.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May damage lung tissue through repeated and prolonged exposure to high levels of respirable crystalline silica particles.

Aspiration hazard

Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Prolonged and routine inhalation of high levels of respirable crystalline silica particles can lead to the lung disease known as silicosis. Some studies show excess numbers of cases of scleroderma, connective tissue disorders, lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, chronic kidney diseases and end-stage kidney disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica. Pre-existing skin and respiratory conditions including dermatitis, asthma and chronic lung disease might be aggravated by exposure. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is not expected.

Mobility in soil

No data available.

Other adverse effects

None expected.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal instruction

Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Recycle responsibly.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste code

Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

IMDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable. This product is a solid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by IMSBC code.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Saudi Arabian Inventory of Chemical Substance:

CAS#	N/A	Slag wool fiber
CAS#	1332-58-7	Kaolin
CAS#	9005-25-8	Perlite
CAS#	9005-25-8	Starch
CAS#	1317-65-3	Limestone
CAS#	13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Issue date

14-December-2014

Revision date

1-December-2022

Version #

02

Further information

Slag Wool Fiber: Large morbidity and mortality studies of both European and North American mineral wool manufacturing workers have been conducted. These studies have found no significant association of non-malignant (i.e., fibrosis) or malignant (i.e., lung cancer or mesothelioma) lung disease and exposures to slag wool fibers and have not established a causal relationship between exposure and non-malignant or malignant diseases. In 2001, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) assigned slag wool fiber to the Group 3 category ["not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans"].

The synthetic mineral fiber used in this product is exonerated from classification as a\ carcinogen in accordance with Note Q in the EU Commission Directive 97/69/EC.

Crystalline silica: Raw materials in this product may contain respirable crystalline silica as an impurity. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product. However, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. Industrial hygiene testing by RJ Lee Group showed that cutting with a utility knife or a router equipped with a dust collection system did not produce airborne respirable crystalline in exceedance of OSHA PELs. However, cutting with a power saw, even with a dust collection system in place, did produce some exceedances. Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer.

Titanium dioxide: Raw materials and/or coatings in this product contain small amounts of titanium dioxide. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that titanium dioxide is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals. This conclusion relates to long-term inhalation exposure to high concentrations of pigmentary (powdered) or ultrafine titanium dioxide. However, no significant exposure to primary particles of titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as in paints. The available human studies do not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide and risk for cancer (1).

The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) has designated this chemical as not classifiable as a human carcinogen (A4).

The US National Toxicology Program (NTP) has not listed this chemical in its report on carcinogens.

NFPA Ratings: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

HMIS® ratings

Health: 1* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

NFPA ratings



Abbreviations and acronyms

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

TWA: Time Weighted Average PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

Disclaimer

This information is provided without warranty. The information is believed to be correct. This information should be used to make an independent determination of the methods to safeguard workers and the environment.

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